

# FIRING RANGE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT - A CASE STUDY OF CAMP EDWARDS, MA



Jay Clausen, AMEC

Marc Grant, AMEC

Ben Gregson, MAARNG

Presented at Geological Society of America National Meeting. November 1-10, 2001.  
Boston, MA, (IAGWSPO Contact Ben Gregson 508-968-58210).

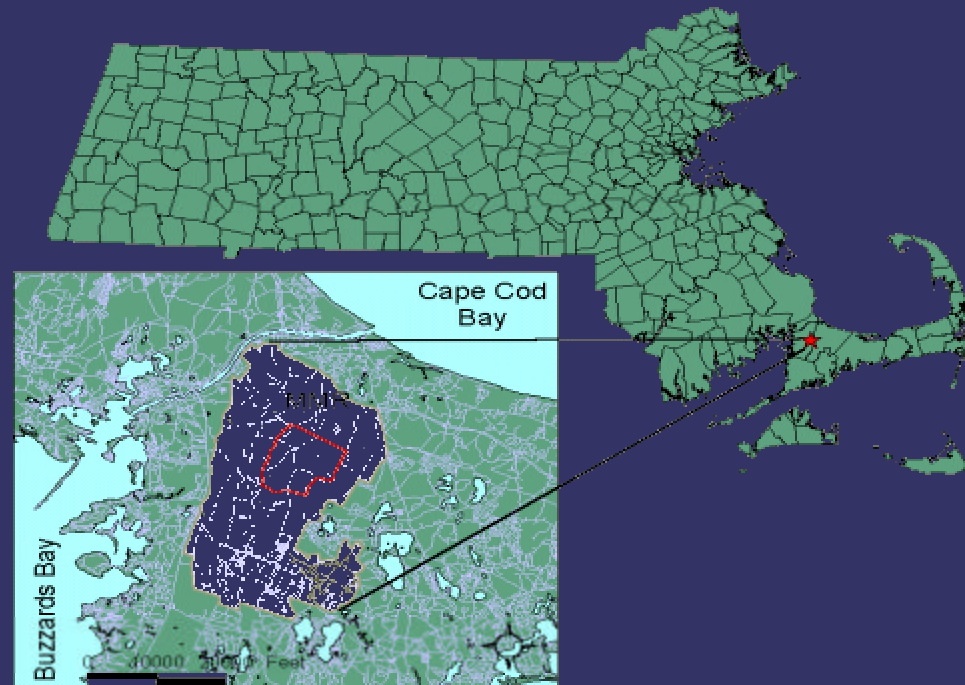
## Introduction

- Military training ranges under scrutiny
  - Potential impacts to ecology and environment
  - Complex issues and problems
- Major ranges receiving attention
  - Camp Edwards (MMR), MA - ARNG
  - Noman Island, MA
  - Vieques, Puerto Rico - U.S. Navy

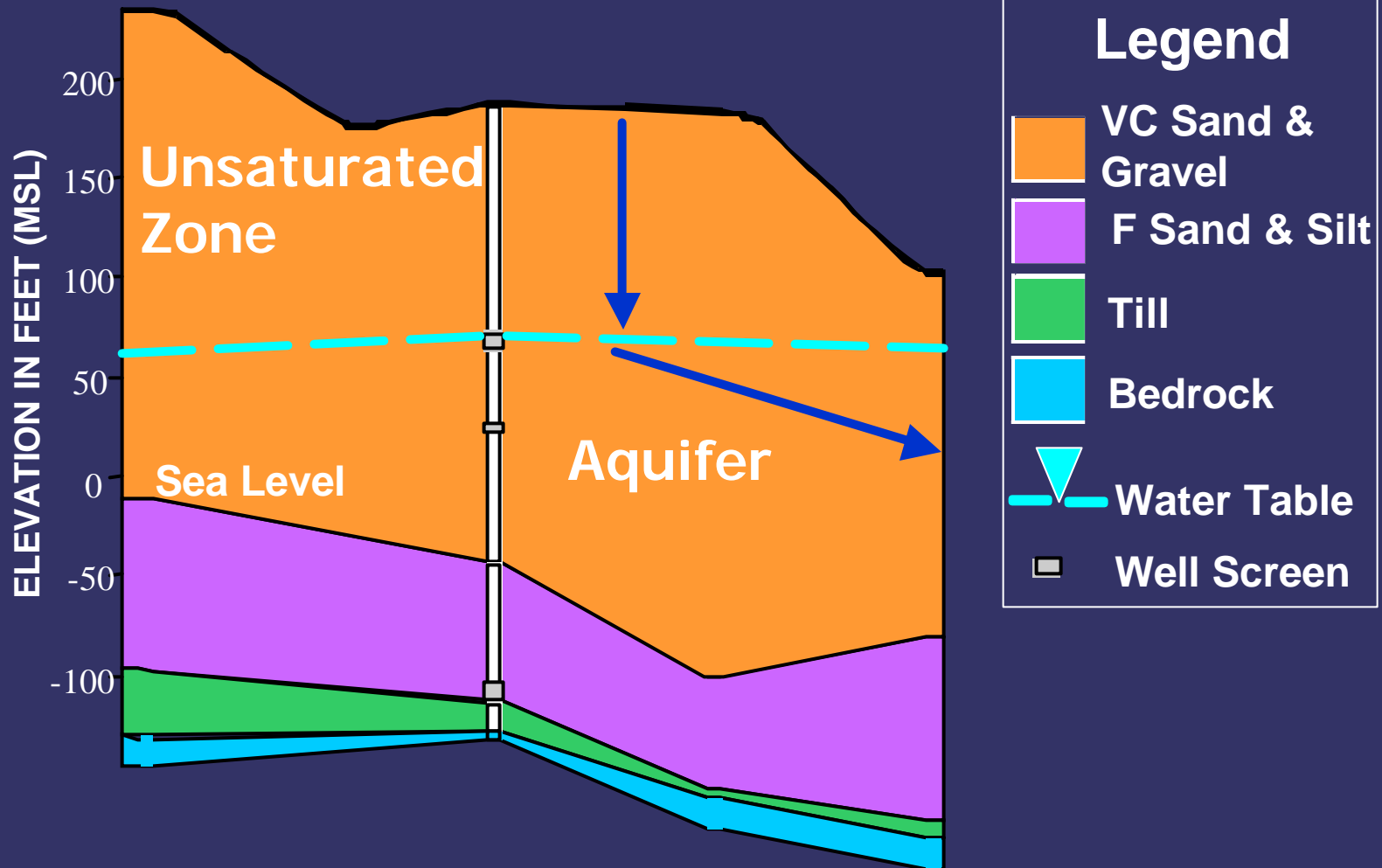


## Camp Edwards - Site History

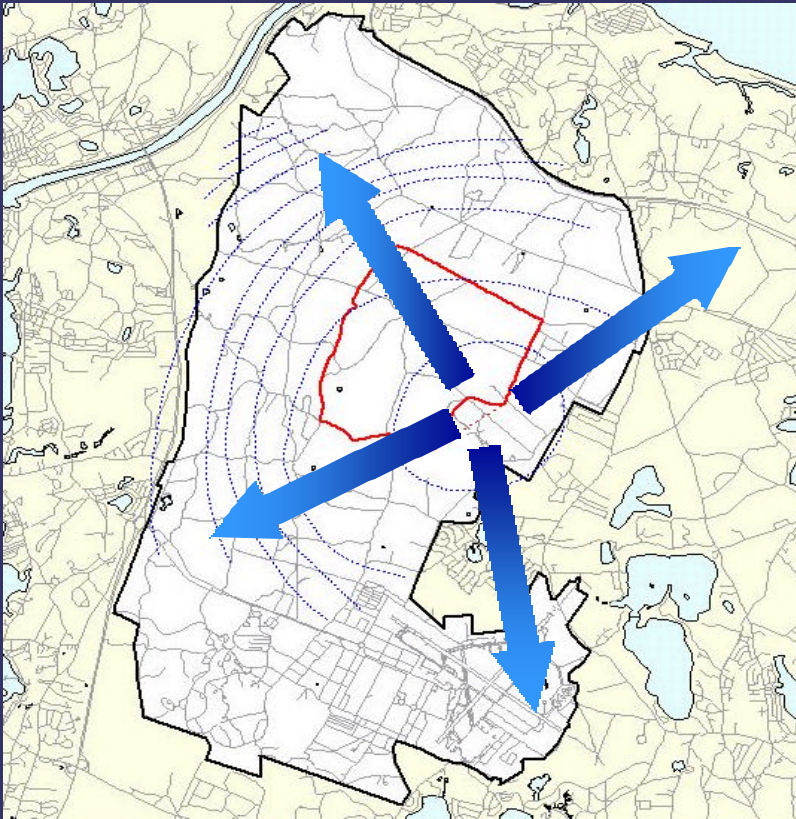
- Training and Impact Areas used since 1911
- Designed to house 30,000 troops during WWII
- USEPA banned training in 1997 through an administrative order



# Site Lithology

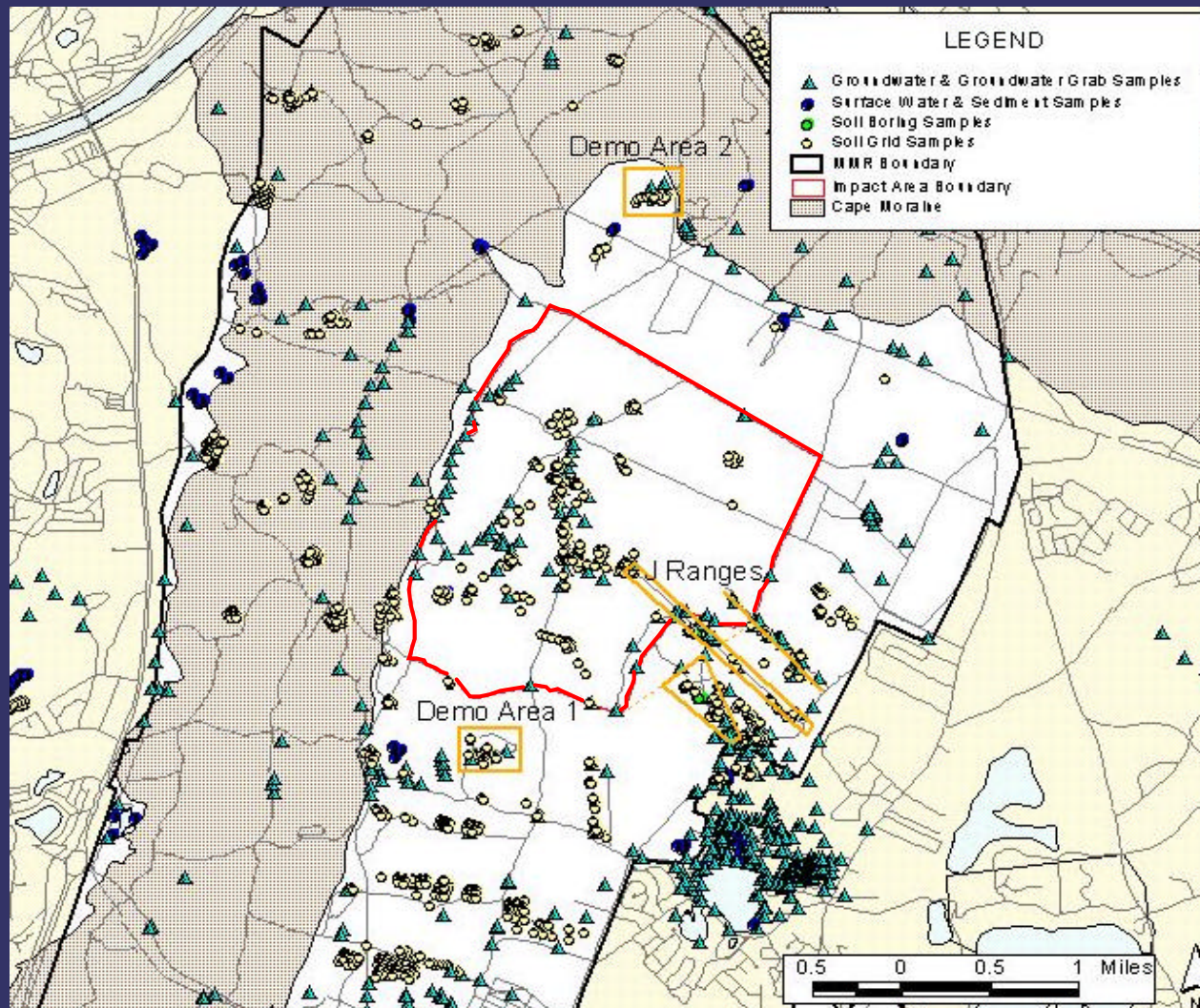


# Hydrogeologic Model

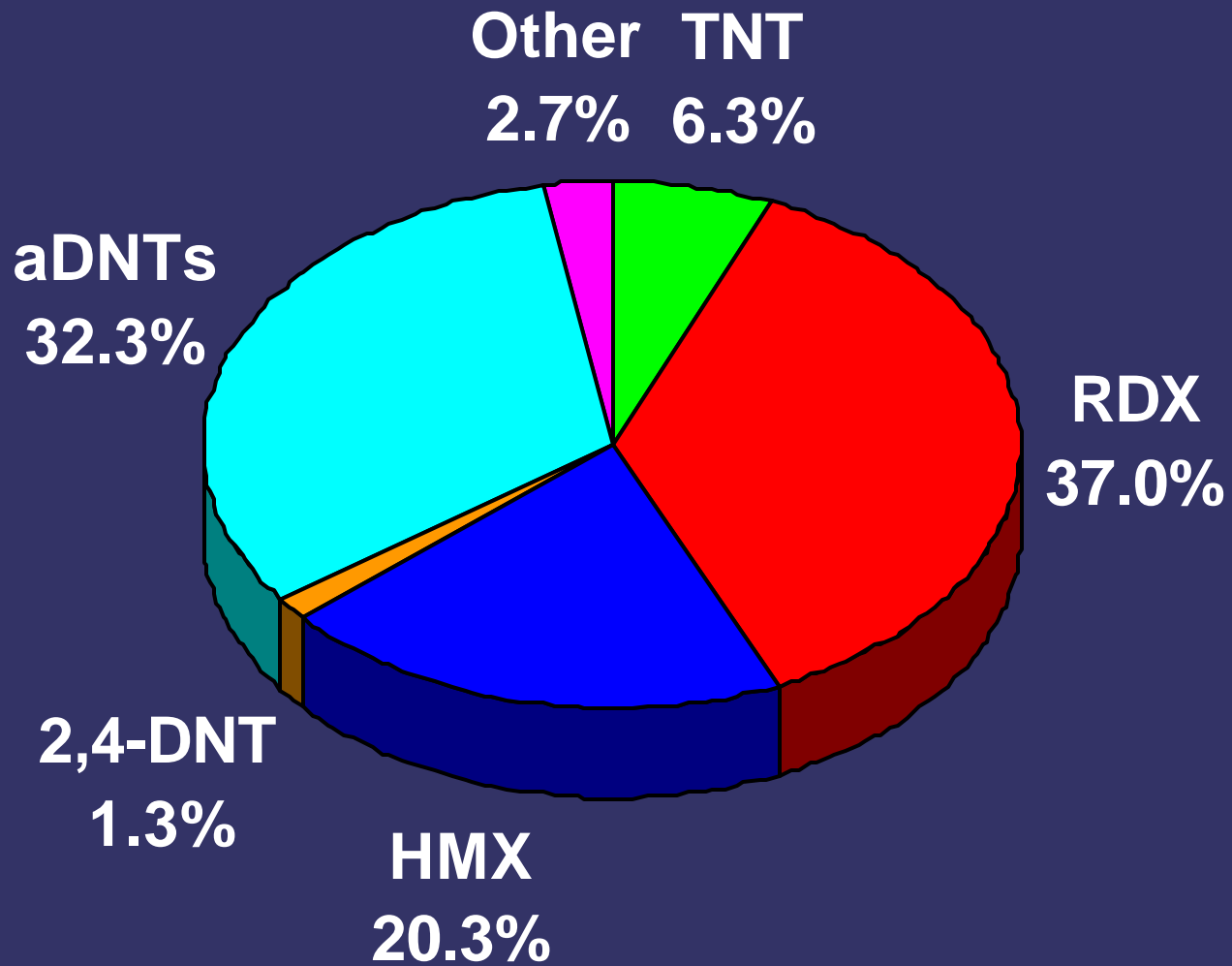


- Groundwater flow is radial with the mound to the southeast of the Impact Area in the J Range Area
- Groundwater flow is approximately one foot per day

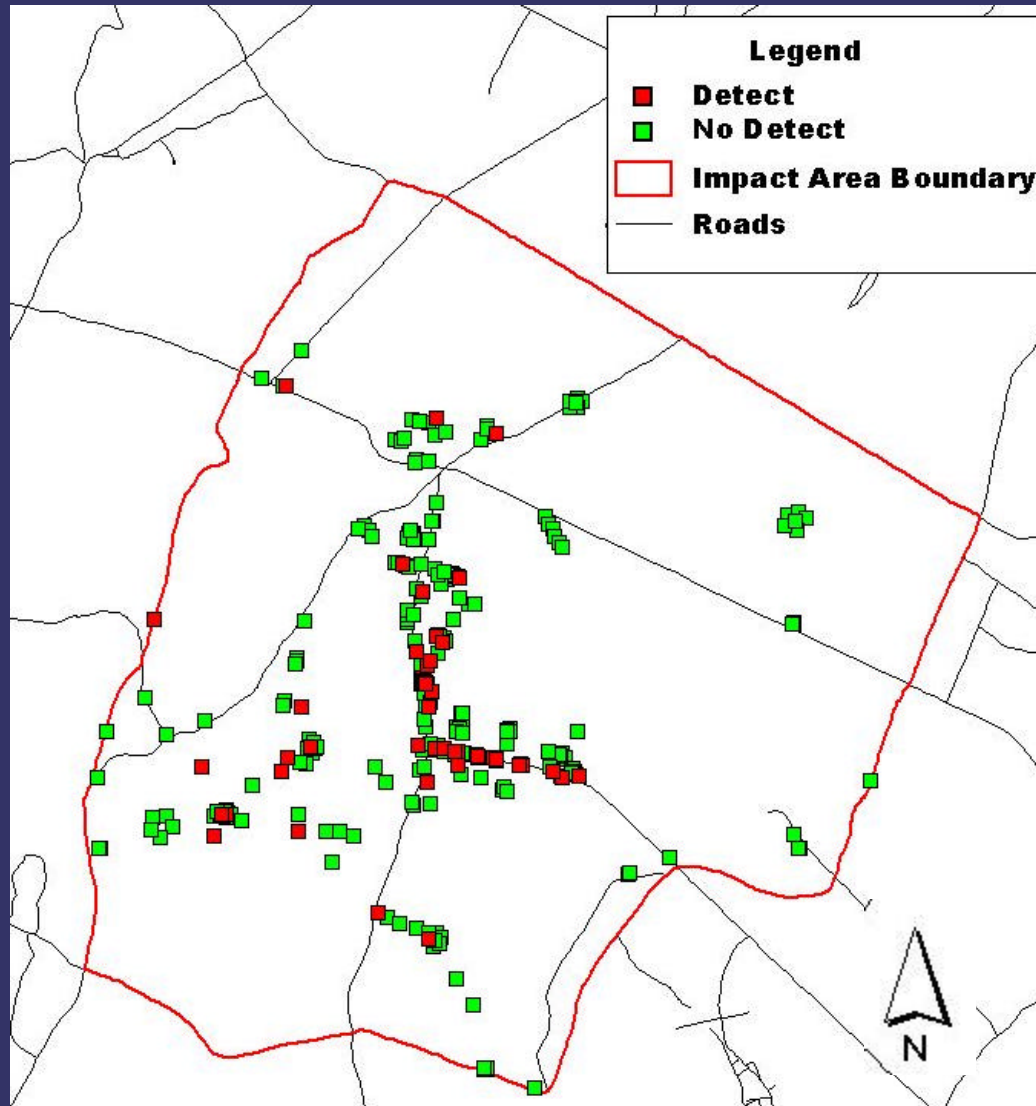
# Specific Areas of Investigation



# Surface Soil Findings (explosives)

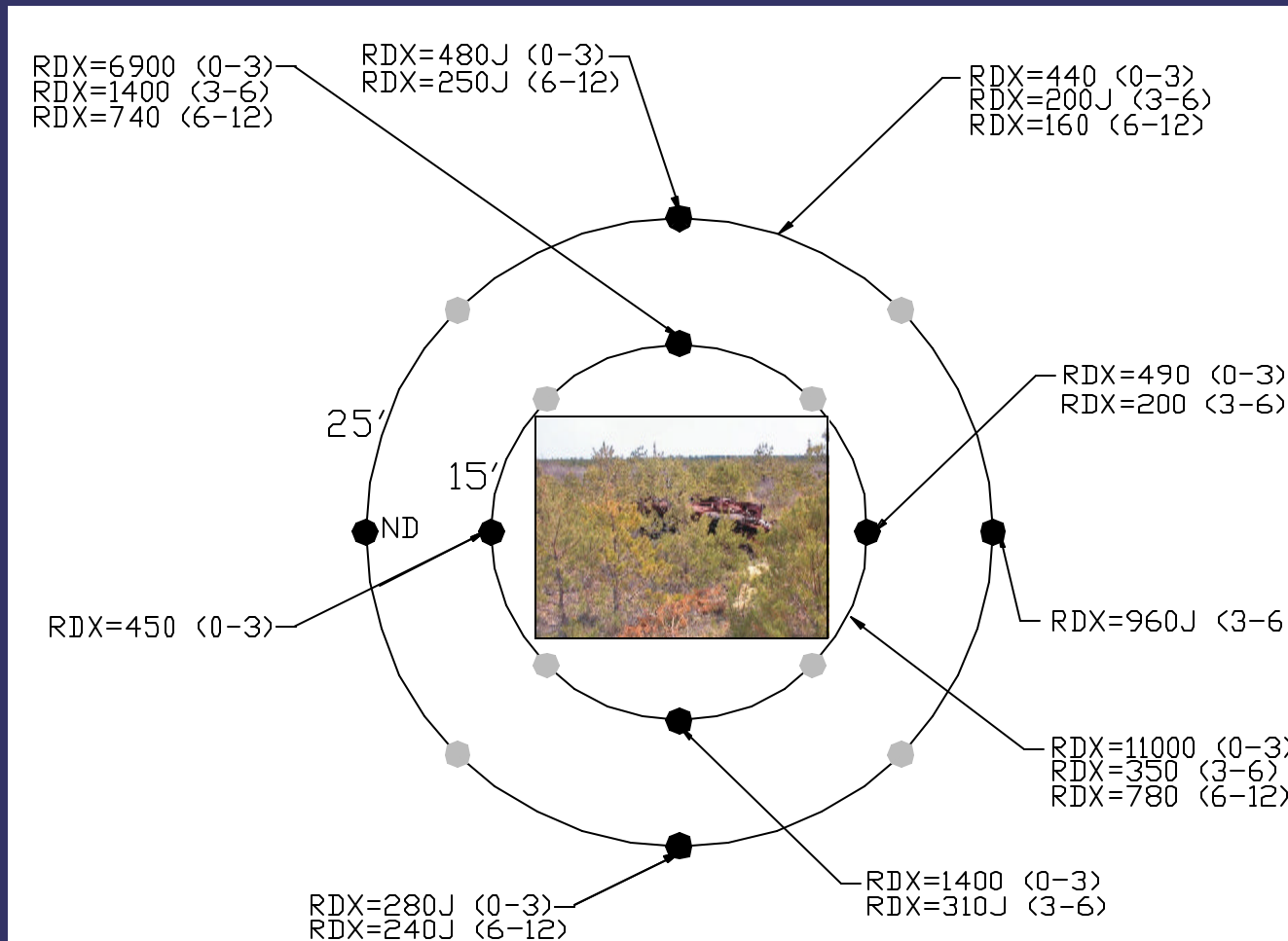


# Soil Results (explosives)





# Soil Results at Artillery Target 42



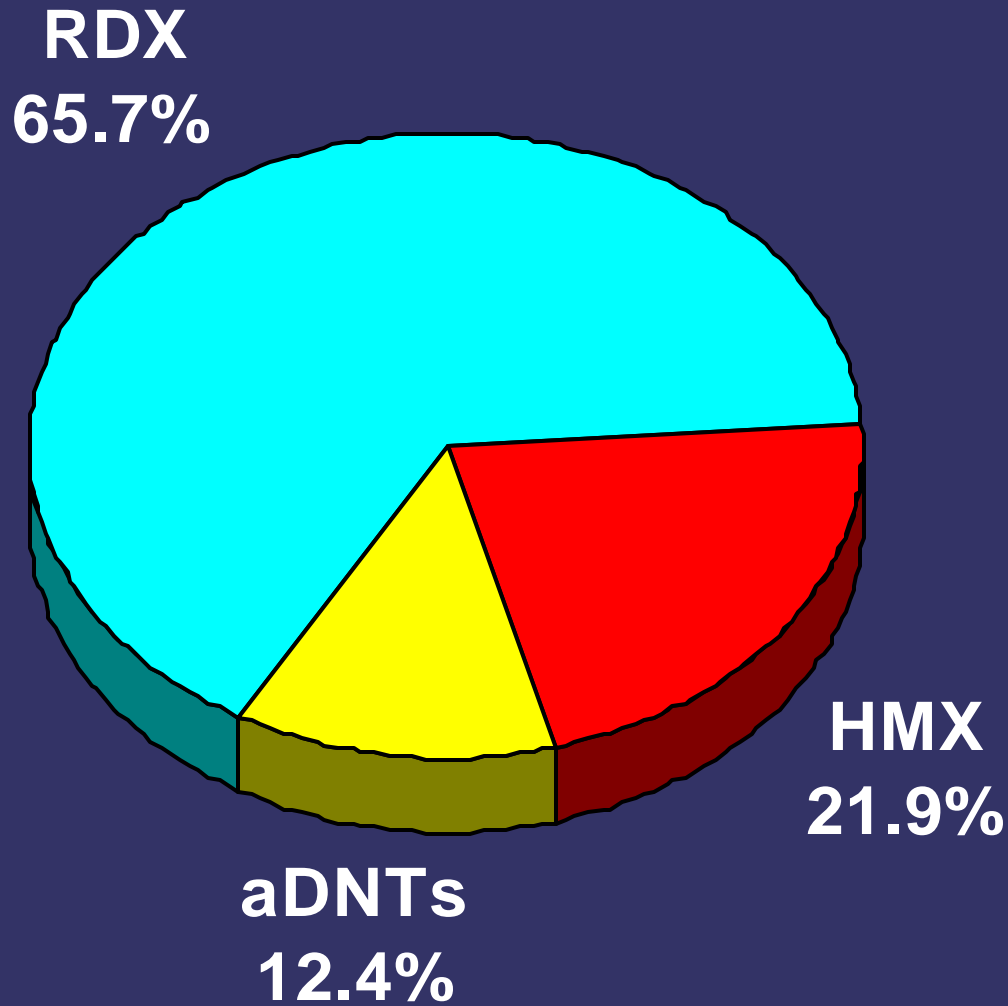
● COMPOSITE ONLY (PPB)  
 ● DISCRETE & COMPOSITE (PPB)  
 DEPTH = INCHES

## Other Soil Results

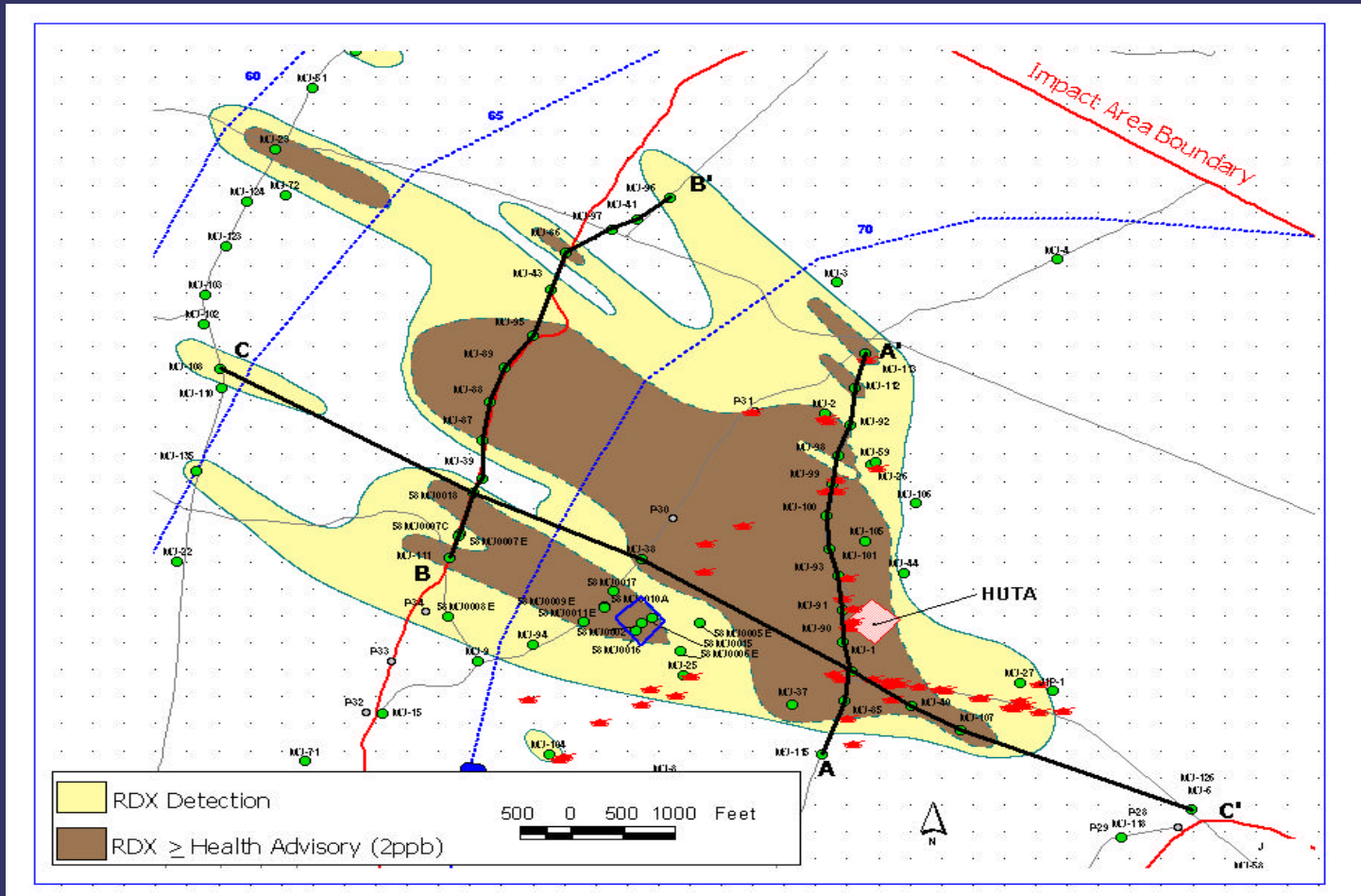
- Elevated metals evident (0 – 3 inches below ground surface)
  - Al, Fe, Mo
- PAHs present
- PCNs?



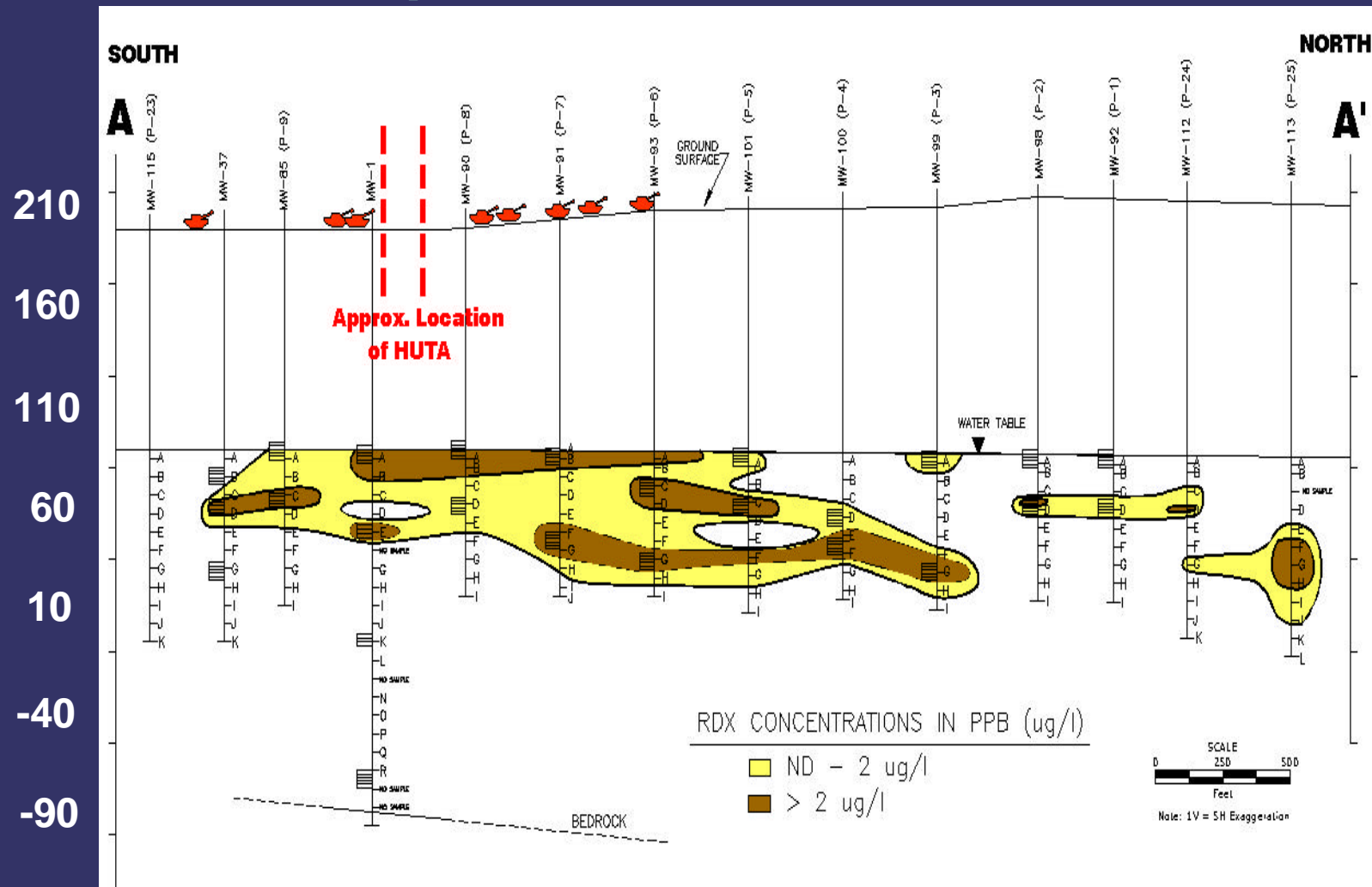
## Groundwater Findings (explosives)



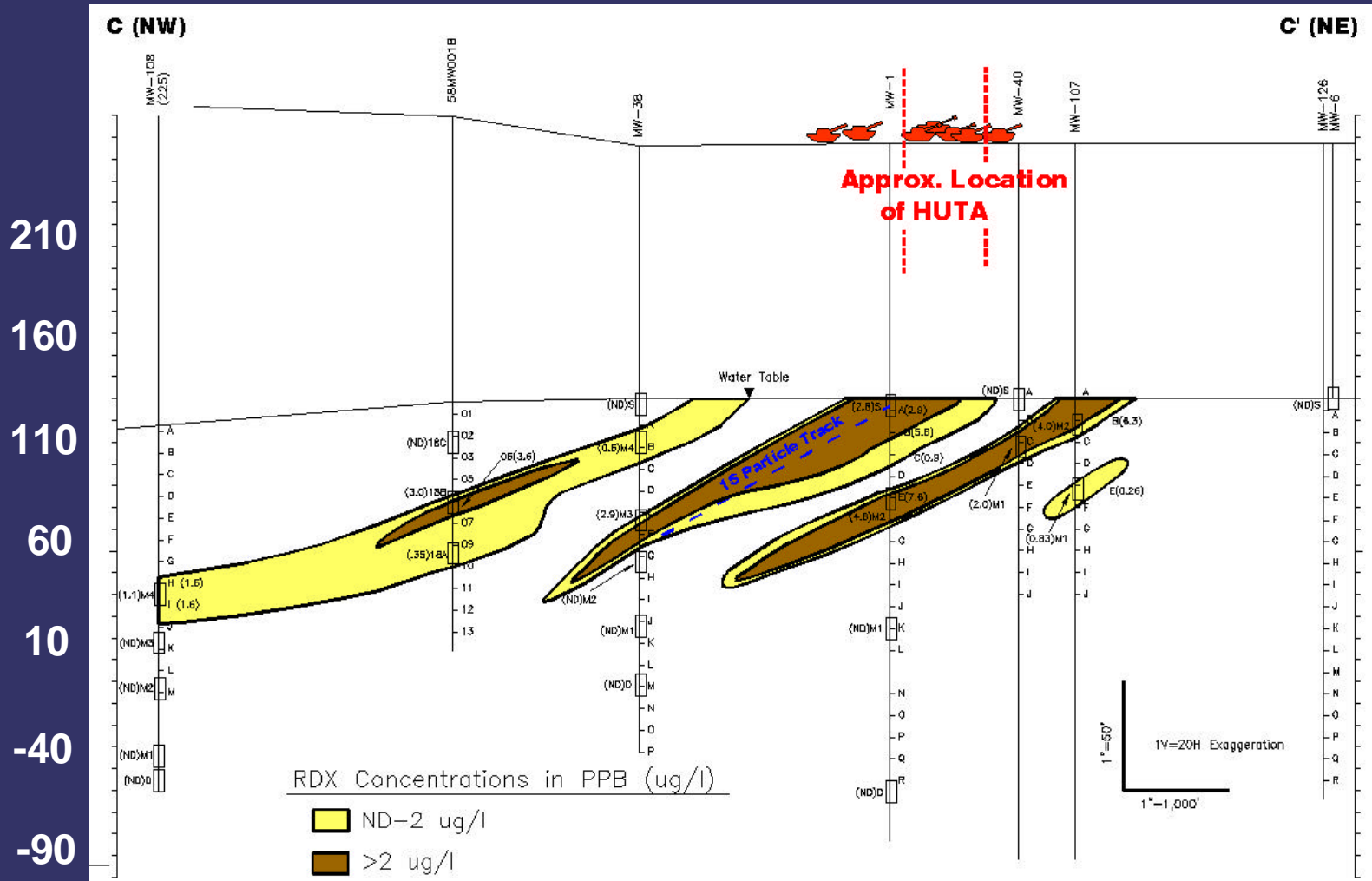
# Plan View of RDX Detections in the Impact Area



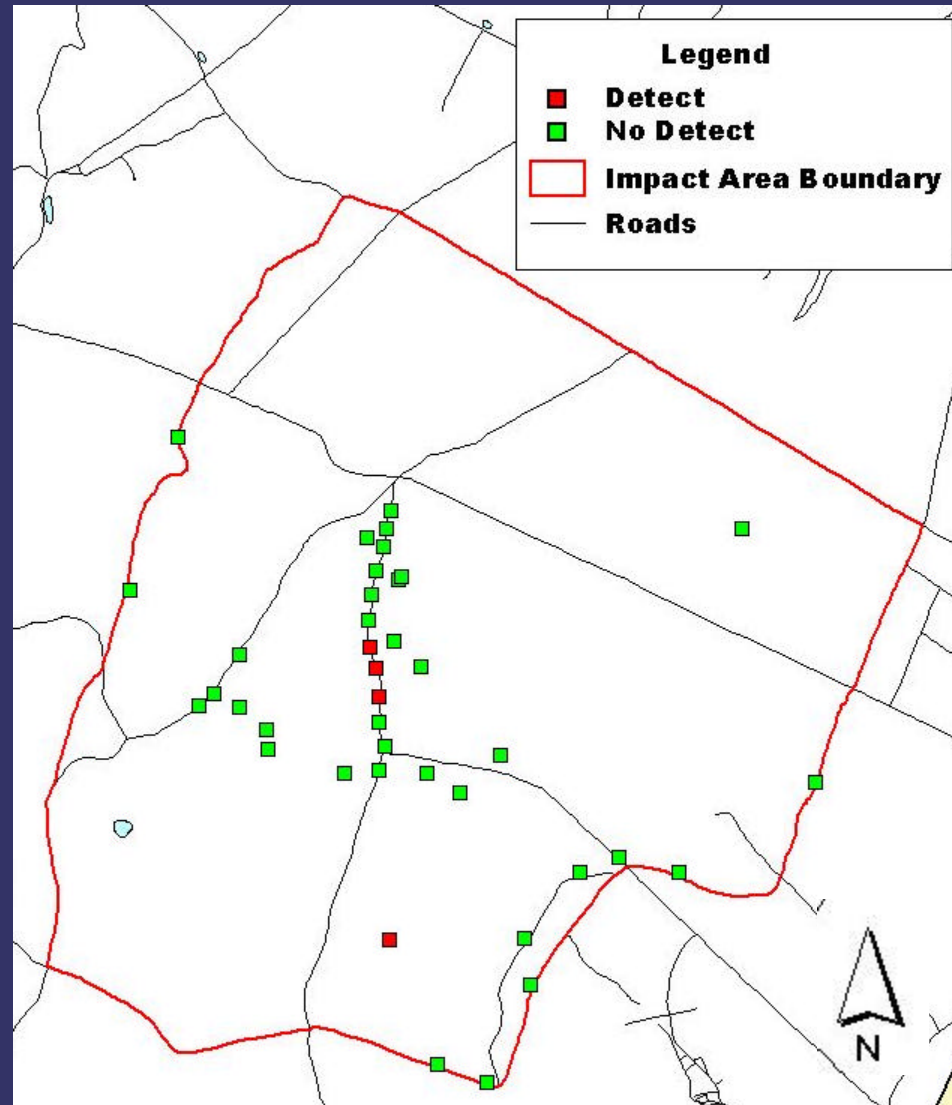
# Inner Groundwater Transect within the Impact Area



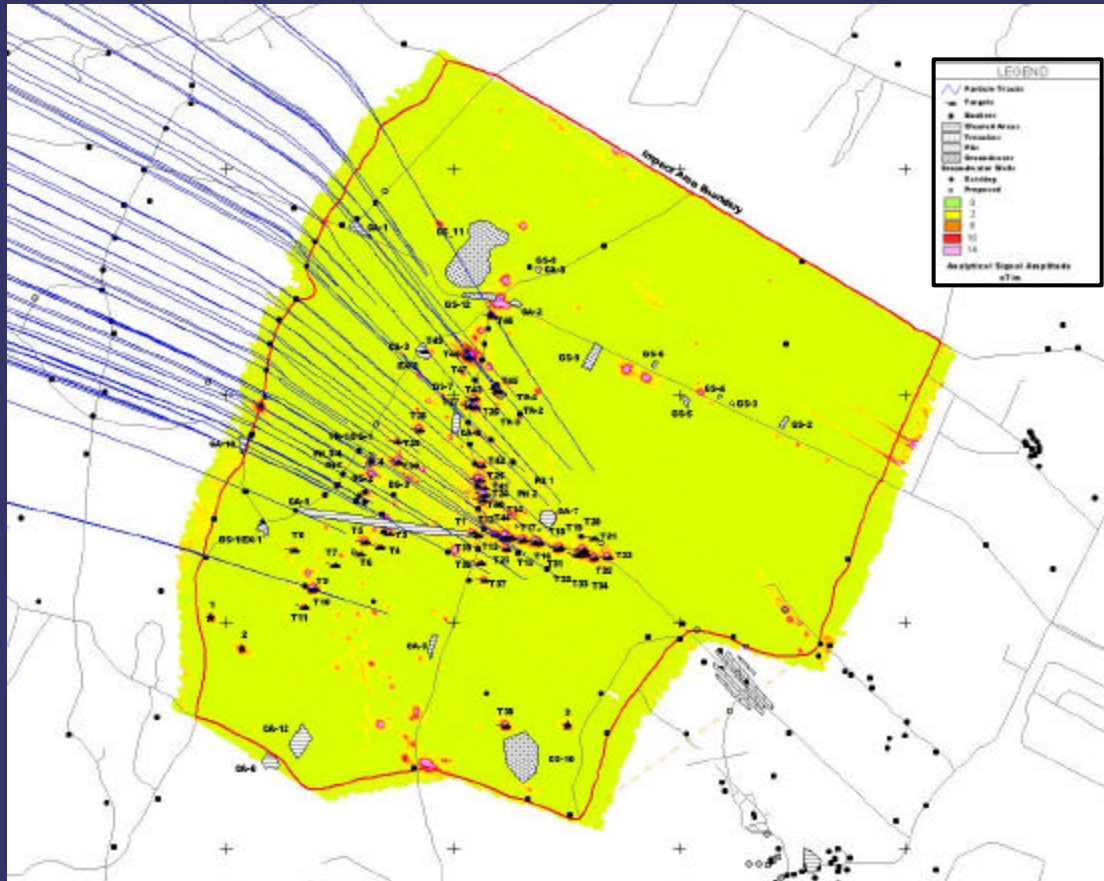
# Longitudinal Cross-Section through the Impact Area



# Location of Perchlorate In Groundwater at MMR



# Potential Source Area



- High-order detonations
- Low-order detonations
- UXO
- EOD activities at the J Range
- Disposal/Burial sites
- Washout



## Conclusions

- RDX and HMX present in surface soil adjacent to artillery and mortar targets
- RDX and HMX present in groundwater downgradient of primary target area (i.e. Tank Alley) within the Impact Area
- TNT which is a component of the munitions appears to be degraded before reaching groundwater



## Conclusions (cont.)

- Training using HE artillery and mortar rounds (UXO, detonation, or both) appears to have resulted in an explosive impact to groundwater at MMR
- Some metals, PAHs, and pesticides/herbicides present in surface soil but no evidence of impacts to groundwater
- PCNs may be an issue for soil and perchlorate may be an issue for groundwater
- MMR findings are potentially applicable to other bombing ranges and battlefields

